

Bringing nature back into our lives EU 2030 biodiversity strategy

DG Environment

Unit C2 - Marine environment & water industry

EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030 -Bringing nature back into our lives

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EU Green Deal

- It is the EU plan to make the economy sustainable. It plans to turn climate and environmental challenges into opportunities and make the transition just and inclusive for all
- The Green Deal comprises several initiatives: Farm to fork, Circular economy action plan, Zero pollution action plan, **Biodiversity strategy** (and others)
- The biodiversity strategy aims to protect and restore nature. It applies equally in EU waters <u>and</u> on land



Biodiversity strategy: equal treatment land/marine

| ON LAND | AT SEA |
|--|--|
| Less impact on the environment (organic agriculture) | Less impact on the environment (more selective fishing) |
| More protection for sensitive species (pollinators) | More protection for sensitive species (decrease bycatch) |
| Restoring forests (3 billion trees planted) | Restoring marine forests (seagrasses and kelp) |



Establish protected areas for at least:





Biodiversity strategy: key points for EU waters

- Protect 30% of EU waters (10%: strictly) and manage protected areas
- <u>Restore</u> degraded EU marine ecosystems (restoration targets this year)
- Action plan to conserve fisheries resources & protect marine ecosystems
- Reduce negative impact (bycatch, seabed)
- All pressures must decrease, including pollution (nutrients, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, wastewater, plastics, etc.), deep-sea mining, invasive alien species



Fisheries in the EU biodiversity strategy









Protect 30% of EU seas

10% of which strictly protected

Reduce damage to seabed

Reduce bycatch of sensitive species Fish sustainably (fully implement the CFP)



Biodiversity strategy: protected areas

- Biodiversity continues degrading so protection and restoration efforts must increase: we will <u>widen our network of protected areas</u> (Trans-European Nature Network and ecological corridors)
- At least 30% of the sea should be protected in the EU (currently: 11%)
- 10% of EU waters should be strictly protected (priority: biodiversity 'hotspots')



Biodiversity strategy: EU nature restoration plan

- Objective: **restore EU ecosystems** (land and sea)
- Commission proposal for legally binding EU nature restoration targets in 2021
- Reach the objective by strengthening and using synergies with the current legal framework for nature restoration (Birds and Habitats directives, Marine strategy framework directive, Water framework directive)
- Ensure no deterioration in conservation trends and status of all protected habitats and species by 2030



Biodiversity strategy: governance

- Full implementation of the EU law: environment & fisheries
- Commit to BBNJ agreement by 2020
- Zero tolerance for IUU and combat overfishing
- Deep-sea mining: apply precautionary principle



Thank you



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